

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

Compensation for Bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis, and Enzootic Bovine Leukosis – January 2012

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Compensation payable during **January 2012**, in England for a bovine animal compulsorily slaughtered for Bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis and EBL disease control purposes will be as detailed below.

Table of Non-pedigree Bovine Categories

Beef Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
Up to 3 months	241	Up to 3 months	190
Over 3 months up to 6 months	465	Over 3 months up to 6 months	390
Over 6 months up to 9 months	601	Over 6 months up to 9 months	496
Over 9 months up to 12 months	700	Over 9 months up to 12 months	561
Over 12 months up to 16 months	899	Over 12 months up to 16 months	729
Over 16 months up to 20 months	1,018	Over 16 months up to 20 months	892
20 months and over	1,090	20 months and over	976
Breeding bulls 20 months and over	1,179	Calved	1,134

Dairy Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
Up to 3 months	71	Up to 3 months	144
Over 3 months up to 6 months	197	Over 3 months up to 6 months	279
Over 6 months up to 12 months	402	Over 6 months up to 12 months	340
Over 12 months up to 16 months	717	Over 12 months up to 16 months	628
Over 16 months up to 20 months	723	Over 16 months up to 20 months	679
20 months and over	814	20 months and over	1,078
		Calved	1,506

Table of Pedigree Bovine Categories

Beef Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
6 months up to 12 months	*	6 months up to 12 months	970 **
Over 12 months up to 24 months	3,927	Over 12 months up to 24 months	2,719
Bull 24 months and over	2,610	24 months and over (not calved)	2,251
		Calved under 36 months	1,862
		Calved 36 months and over	1,964

Dairy Sector

Male		Female	
Age	Compensation due (£/head)	Age	Compensation due (£/head)
Up to 2 months	*	Up to 2 months	494
Over 2 months up to 12 months	*	Over 2 months up to 10 months	*
Over 12 months up to 24 months	2,148	Over 10 months up to 18 months	1,075
Bull 24 months and over	1,857	Over 18 months not calved	1,355
		Calved under 36 months	1,778
		Calved 36 months and over	1,436

* Compensation to be determined using individual valuation

** Compensation to be determined using previously ascertained market price (see paragraph 6 below)

Notes

1. The above table details the compensation payable for those animals slaughtered because they are either affected with bovine TB, BSE, Brucellosis or EBL or are suspected of having one of these diseases; or are the offspring or cohorts of confirmed BSE cases.

2. Compensation for bovine animals slaughtered for Bovine TB, EBL and Brucellosis is calculated in England under the Cattle Compensation (England) Order 2006 (based upon average livestock market prices for the relevant categories) and the Individual Ascertainment of Value (England) Order 2005. Compensation for bovine animals slaughtered for BSE is calculated in England under the TSE (England) Regulations 2010, in Wales under the TSE (Wales) Regulations 2008, and in Scotland under the TSE (Scotland) Regulations 2010, which use data from the same system as England.

3. Table valuations are entirely objective and based on real market data. Rates for the 47 cattle categories are determined using large amounts of contemporaneous sales data for same category, but disease free, cattle. Sales data for around 1.2m cattle is collected each year to support table valuations. For non-pedigree table values one month's sales data is used, whereas six months' data is used to determine table values for pedigree animals to ensure that data from either of the key sales periods in spring or autumn is included in the calculation.

4. The values in the table of categories above have been derived from sales information obtained from store markets, prime markets, rearing calf sales, breeding sales and dispersal sales in Great Britain between **21 November 2011 and 20 December 2011** for non-pedigree animals, and between **21 June 2011 and 20 December 2011** for pedigree animals.

5. Each calendar year, a statistical analysis of sales data collected during a twelve month period, is carried out to determine the minimum number of sales records required each month to enable Defra to have confidence in the average market price calculated for each category. This statistical data has helped Defra identify the level of variability in sales prices for each category. This intelligence is used to determine when there is insufficient data to support a table valuation for any particular category.

6. Where the Secretary of State considers that the sales data for any particular bovine category in any given month are inadequate, or such price data is unavailable, the compensation payable will either be at the level of the most recently ascertained value for the same category, or alternatively the Secretary of State may opt to pay compensation at the level of the market value of the animal in question, as ascertained under the Individual Ascertainment of Value (England) Order 2005 or the TSE (England) Regulations 2010.

7. Where an owner slaughters an animal voluntarily and privately (which must be agreed with the Department) no compensation is payable.